



法務部
MINISTRY OF JUSTICE

天平

The balance

置於正中，象徵「公平、公正」，彰顯本部崇法務實、公正客觀、以追求社會正義維護公道與真理。

It symbolizes the ministry's even-handedness and its spirit of impartiality, objectivity, and pursuit of truth and social justice.

梅花

The plum blossom

襯於中層，象徵「聖潔忠貞、堅忍不拔」，代表本部操守廉潔、忠誠樸實、摘奸發伏、不畏艱危。

Set in the middle of the emblem, the plum, which blooms in the bitter cold of winter, symbolizes “sacrament, sincerity, fortitude” and suggests the ministry's integrity, honesty, and bravery in eradicating evil elements from society.

麥穗

The wheat ears

環繞兩側，象徵「茁壯豐收」，代表本部朝氣蓬勃、日新又新，具有恢宏包容的胸襟。

The embracing wheat ears represent vigorous growth, bumper harvest and the ministry's spritely spirit, unceasing renovation, and broad inclusiveness.

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沿革

History



我國司法制度自清末變法開始全面革新。光緒 28 年間，清廷將六部中的「刑部」改制「法部」，成為司法行政最高機關。民國建立以後，「法部」再改為「司法部」。民國 17 年，全國統一，依五權分立原則，成立司法院，並依公布之司法院組織法，於司法院下設司法行政部，民國 21 年司法行政部改隸於行政院，民國 23 年 10 月又回復舊制，隸屬於司法院，直至民國 32 年 1 月再改隸於行政院。民國 69 年 7 月 1 日，政府為了健全司法制度，明確釐清司法權與行政權的分際，乃實施審檢分隸，將原隸屬於司法行政部的高等法院以下各級法院改隸於司法院，將司法行政部改制為法務部，仍隸屬於行政院迄今。民國 101 年 1 月 1 日配合行政院組織改造，啟動本部新組織架構。

The judiciary of our country underwent an across-the-board reform in the last years of Qing Dynasty (1644–1912). In the 28th year of Emperor Guangxu's reign(1902), the Qing Court changed Xing Bu (Ministry of Penalties), which was one of the six government branches at that time, into Fa Bu(Ministry of Law) to serve as the nation's highest authority in judicial administration. After the proclamation of the Republic in 1912, Fa Bu was changed into Si Fa Bu(Ministry of Judiciary). After the nation was reunified in 1928, the Judicial Yuan was established under the five-power government system and in compliance with the Organic Law of the Judicial Yuan, a Ministry of Judicial Administration was set up in the Judicial Yuan. In October 1934, the old system was restored and the ministry was placed under Executive Yuan. On July 1, 1980, the government went to perfect the nation's judicial system by drawing a clear line between the judicial power and the administrative power, in another word, by placing the prosecution and judgment under the jurisdiction of two different branches. Hence, the court system under the Ministry of Judicial Administration was shifted to the Judicial Yuan and the Ministry of Judicial Administration was changed to the Ministry of Justice, which remains in the Executive Yuan until now. A new organic law was passed for the ministry in keeping with the Executive Yuan's structural reform program starting on January 1, 2012.





組織與業務運作

Organization and Business Operations

法務部設綜合規劃司、法制司、法律事務司、檢察司、保護司、國際及兩岸法律司等業務單位；另有秘書處、人事處、會計處、統計處及資訊處等輔助單位。各業務單位之業務運作分述如次：

The Ministry of Justice (hereinafter referred to as the ministry or MOJ) has the following functional branches: the Department of Planning; Department of Legal System; Department of Legal Affairs; Department of Prosecutorial Affairs; Department of Prevention, Rehabilitation and Protection; Department of International and Cross-Strait Legal Affairs. There are also several supporting units, including the Secretariat, Department of Personnel, Department of Accounting, Department of Statistics, and Department of Information Management. Their respective responsibilities of the functional branches are:



綜合規劃司

The Department of Planning

掌理有關本部策略規劃、政策研究、管制考核、協調溝通及國會聯絡、新聞公關等事項，協助首長進行施政願景與優先政策管理，以建構一個足以面對未來挑戰與民眾期望的善治政府，提升政府之行政效能。

重點工作如下：

年度施政方針、年度施政計畫、中程施政計畫、先期作業、中長程個案計畫之研擬、規劃及協調；施政報告、重大個案計畫之管制、考核及評估；研究發展工作之規劃、研析、推動及管考；行政革新、行政效能與為民服務工作之策劃、研析、推動、督導及考核；出國報告、政府出版品之規劃、執行、審核及評估；矯正署業務之聯繫及協調、其他跨單位之綜合規劃事項。



The Department of Planning is responsible for matters, such as: the Ministry of Justice's strategic planning, policy research, regulatory review, coordination, communications and congressional liaison, and public relations, which give assistance to senior officials in implementing governance vision and prioritizing policy management, in order to build a good government that can meet the challenges of the future and the expectations of the people, and enhance administrative effectiveness.

Key tasks are as follows:

The development, planning and coordination of the annual policy objectives, the annual policy plan, the medium-term policy plan, the preliminary work, and the medium and long-term case projects; the control, assessment and evaluation of governance reports and major case plans; the planning, research and analysis, promotion and management of research and development work; the planning, research and analysis, promotion, supervision and assessment of administrative innovation, administrative efficiency and services for the people; the planning, implementation, review and evaluation of overseas study reports and government publications; the communication and coordination concerning the operation of the Agency of Corrections; and other comprehensive planning on inter-organizational matters.

法制司

The Department of Legal System

本部職掌行政院及其所屬機關法規研議及法規適用之諮商事項，須派員出席行政院及其所屬機關召集之法規研修及協調會議，以及列席立法院法案審查及協商會議，提供相關法制作業意見，並協助解決法律適用之疑義。另本部掌理人權保障業務之推動、協調及聯繫，我國於 98 年 12 月 10 日施行兩公約及其施行法，為展現人權立國的積極作為，本部積極宣導人權公約，並檢討與公約不符之法令及行政措施；且參仿聯合國條約機構審查報告模式，自行設計國際人權專家定期來臺審查國家報告機制，廣邀各界參與，共同致力改善人權缺失，讓我國的人權保障接軌國際。

The Department of Legal System is responsible for consultations on and discussions of regulatory research and regulatory applicability for the Executive Yuan and its affiliated agencies. The Department shall assign personnel to participate in the regulatory amendment research and coordination meetings convened by the Executive Yuan and its affiliated agencies, as well as to sit in on bill reviews and coordination meetings of the Legislative Yuan, so as to provide advice on relevant legal drafting and assist in resolving doubts about the applicability of a law. In addition, the department is in charge of the promotion, coordination and the arrangement of the affairs of the human rights protection. Taiwan enacted the two Covenants and their implementation acts on December 10, 2009. In order to demonstrate the positive actions of a state that builds on human rights, the Department actively promotes the human rights Covenant and reviews laws, regulations and administrative measures that are inconsistent with the Covenant. In addition, referencing the UN's Treaty Body's review reporting model, the Department developed a mechanism where international human rights experts periodically come to Taiwan to review Taiwan's National Reports, and all sectors of the public are invited to engage and work together to improve any inadequacies of human rights practices, so that the human rights protection practices of Taiwan may be integrated into the global communities.



法律事務司

The Department of Legal Affairs

本部職掌行政院及其所屬機關之法律事務，提供各機關法規適用之諮商意見；並主管民事法律（即民法、司法院釋字第 748 號解釋施行法、財團法人法及信託法）、行政法律（即行政程序法、行政罰法、行政執行法、政府資訊公開法及國家賠償法）及紛爭解決法律（即鄉鎮市調解條例及仲裁法），對於上開法律之研修、宣導及執行，均屬重要的核心業務。

The Department of Legal Affairs is responsible for the legal affairs of the Executive Yuan and its affiliated agencies, and provides consultative opinions on applicable laws to each agency. In addition, the research and study, promotion and enforcement of civil legal affairs (i.e. the Civil Code, the Act for Implementation of J.Y. Interpretation No.748, the Foundations Act and the Trust Law), administrative laws (i.e. the Administrative Procedure Act, the Administrative Penalty Act, the Administrative Execution Act, the Freedom of Government Information Law, and the State Compensation Law) and dispute resolution laws (i.e. the Township and County-Administered City Mediation Act, and the Arbitration Law of ROC) are also important aspects of the core business of the Department.



民法 意定監護 自己的監護人自己選

我自己決定我的監護人

什麼是意定監護？
就是本人與受任人約定，於本人受監護宣告時，受任人允為擔任監護人之契約。在未來本人如果有因精神障礙或其他心智缺陷，致不能為意思表示或受意思表示，或不能辨識其意思表示之效果之情形時，就可以由法院裁定當初本人自己選定之意定監護受任人，來擔任自己之監護人，符合本人之意願。

台北市重慶南路一段130號
法務部 www.moj.gov.tw

檢察司

The Department of Prosecutorial Affairs

檢察行政業務廣泛，除研擬刑事法規制(訂)定與修正，以符罪責相當原則外，並包括刑事偵查、實行公訴、刑事執行，及檢察官調度司法警察、參與民事、非訟事件與犯罪被害人補償事件之監督業務，並就各級檢察機關檢察及行政業務為檢查、調查及監督，律師與法醫師相關法規之制(訂)定、修正、證照審核及相關業務為管理及監督，以健全檢察制度，奠定司法基石。

The various prosecutorial administrative tasks are extensive. In addition to researching the development (establishment) of criminal laws and their amendments to assure that they fit the proportionality principles of guilt and culpability, its tasks also include criminal investigation, public prosecution, criminal execution, dispatching of judicial police by the prosecutors, and participation in the supervision of civil, non-litigation and criminal victim compensation cases. The said administrative tasks also extend to the inspection, investigation and supervision of prosecutorial and administrative functions of all levels of the prosecutorial organization, the development (establishment) and amendment of laws and regulations relevant to attorneys and forensic physicians, the review and approval of their licenses, and the management and supervision of their relevant businesses, thus improving the prosecutorial system and laying the cornerstone for justice.



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保護司

The Department of Prevention, Rehabilitation and Protection

司法保護工作除對犯罪行為人施予保護管束、更生保護，對犯罪被害人提供保護服務外，同時，逐漸擴大到一般民眾。對一般民眾，提供法治教育、法律服務、訴訟輔導；針對犯罪預防，推動預防兒童少年犯罪方案，並協助高關懷學生；至於再犯預防部分，辦理易服社會勞動、義務勞務、緩起訴社區處遇及辦理戒毒癮、戒酒癮、科技設備監控等；對於更生人，提供短期安置、就業、就學與就醫協助、無息創業貸款、訪視關懷、家庭支持等服務，協助其重返社會；對於犯罪被害人，則依其需要提供法律協助、心理輔導等各項生活重建措施，協助其走出陰霾。

In addition to providing protective probation and rehabilitation protection for crime offenders, and providing protection for crime victims, the judicial protection tasks are systematically expanded to the general public as well. For the general public, the Department of Prevention, Rehabilitation and Protection provides legal education, legal services and litigation counseling; for crime prevention, it promotes child and juvenile crime prevention programs, and assists with high-risk students; for recidivism prevention, it conducts commuted community services, deferred prosecution community interventions, alcohol and drug addiction rehabilitation and electronic monitoring; for rehabilitated addicts or criminals, it provides short-term placement, employment, schooling and medical assistance, interest-free business start-up loans, visit care, family support and other services that help them reintegrate into society; for crime victims, it provides legal assistance, psychological counseling and other life reconstruction measures, each according to their needs, to help them find and maintain post-traumatic peace of mind.



國際及兩岸法律司

The Department of International and Cross-Strait Legal Affairs

世界各國均面臨犯罪組織化、跨國化所帶來的威脅與挑戰，這些跨國犯罪集團，透過不法手段從事跨國經濟犯罪、恐怖主義、走私、洗錢、販毒、人口販運等不法行為，嚴重破壞社會秩序與經濟穩定。我國多年來積極參與司法合作有關的國際組織及國際會議，建立國際及兩岸司法互助的法律機制，並與其他各國洽簽國際司法互助合作、引渡、跨國移交受刑人等條約或協定，強化與各國間之司法互助合作，以期在國際社會中善盡消彌跨國犯罪、維持國際秩序之責任。

The international community is facing formidable challenges and constant threat of global organized crimes which are seriously damaging the social order, economic stability and national security. For a long time, Taiwan has been adopting an open, active and positive attitude in participating international organizations and international conference with a view to cooperating with foreign countries to combat transnational crimes. We have strived to create a better mechanism of mutual legal assistance. As part of the efforts, Taiwan has enacted its Act of International Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters in 2018, and has concluded with several countries bilateral agreements in response to the cooperation needs between foreign countries and us concerning mutual legal assistance, extradition and transfer of sentenced persons. We expect that our efforts would enhance international collaboration, maintain social order and serve justice.



法務部參與之國際組織



資訊處

The Department of Information Management

本部致力推動科技化規劃及推展策略，建構包含刑案整合、檢察辦案、廉政業務管理、行政執行案件管理、獄政管理及一般行政事務管理等資訊系統，推動跨域服務整合，並統籌規劃本部及所屬機關（調查局除外）硬、軟體設備購置，有效提升法務機關整體行政效能。同時打造本部綠能雲端資料中心，整合所屬機關共用性系統及內外部網路安全機制，提供高效、穩定之資訊基礎建設，並通過資訊安全管理制度國際標準評鑑，完備法務機關整體資訊安全，藉由業務全程資訊化、自動化，推升為民服務品質。

The Department of Information Management is committed to: promoting technological planning and promotion strategies; constructing information systems that include criminal case integration, prosecutorial case and anti-corruption management, prison management, administrative execution case management and general administrative affairs management; promoting cross-domain service integration; and purchasing, with integrated planning, the hardware and software infrastructure as required for the Ministry of Justice and its affiliated agencies (excluding the Headquarters of the Ministry of Justice's Investigation Bureau), thus effectively improving the overall administrative efficiency of these judicial organizations. At the same time, this Department is creating the Green Energy Cloud Data Center for the Ministry of Justice, integrating the sharing system of its affiliated agencies and the security mechanisms for the internal and external networks, thus providing a highly efficient and stable information infrastructure. With the approval of an international standards assessment on the information security management system, the overall information security scheme of the judicial organizations is complete. The informationization and automation of the overall operation helps to enhance the public service quality.



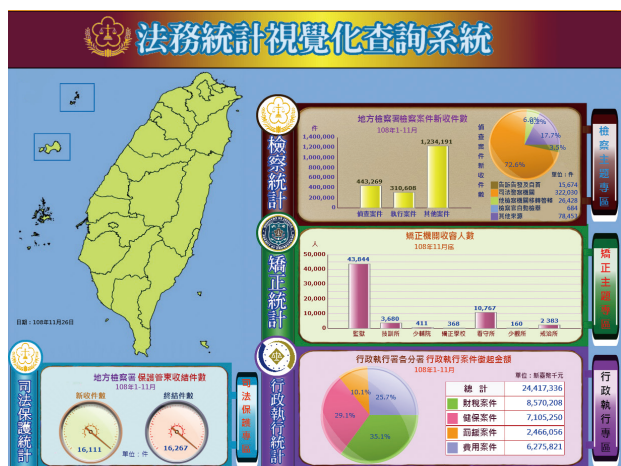
法務部綠能雲端資料中心



統計處 Statistics Office

掌理全國檢察、矯正、司法保護、行政執行等統計資料之蒐集、彙編、分析及發布，並隨時因應行政院施政方針及本部重大政策之推動，提供相關統計與趨勢分析，同時指揮所屬 85 個統計機構（包含 26 個檢察機關、45 個矯正機關、14 個行政執行機關）案件報結登錄作業、統計標準、統計資訊管理及機關績效管考等事項，充分發揮統計支援決策之功能。

Take charge of the collection, compilation, analysis, and release of statistical data on prosecution, correction, judicial protection, and administrative execution across the country, and provide relevant statistics and trend analysis at any time in accordance with the administrative guidelines of the Executive Yuan and the major policies of MOJ, and also direct 85 statistics Institutions (including 26 prosecutorial organs, 45 correctional organs, and 14 administrative executive organs) which handle the matters of registration, statistical standards, statistical information management, and agency performance management, etc., fully playing a role in statistical support for decision-making.



The Ministry of Justice's Affiliate Agencies and Business Operations

直屬機關包括最高檢察署（指揮監督各級檢察署檢察事務）、臺灣高等檢察署（轄屬各高等檢察署及其檢察分署、智慧財產檢察分署、各地方檢察署）、福建高等檢察署金門檢察分署（轄屬金門地方檢察署）、調查局（轄屬各調查處、站）、行政執行署（轄屬各分署）、廉政署、矯正署（轄屬各監獄、看守所、戒治所、技能訓練所、少年觀護所、少年矯正學校、少年輔育院）、司法官學院及法醫研究所，本部暨所屬機關員工約一萬八千餘人。

The directly subordinate agency structure includes the Supreme Prosecutors' Office (commands and supervises prosecutorial affairs of all levels of the prosecutors' office), Taiwan High Prosecutors Office (governs all High Prosecutors Offices and their branch offices, Intellectual Property Branch offices, and all District Prosecutors' Offices), Fuchien High Prosecutors' Office Kinmen Branch (governs Kinmen District Prosecutors' Office), the Headquarters of the Ministry of Justice's Investigation Bureau (governs all Field Divisions and Offices), the Administrative Enforcement Agency (governs all branch offices), the Agency Against Corruption, the Agency of Corrections (governs all prisons, detention centers, drug abusers' treatment centers, skill training institutes, juvenile detention houses, juvenile reformatory schools, and reform schools), the Academy for the Judiciary and the Institute of Forensic Medicine. There are about 18,000 employees in the Ministry of Justice and its affiliated agencies.



檢察署

The Prosecutorial System



我國檢察機關配合法院審級，設最高檢察署、臺灣高等檢察署、福建高等檢察署金門檢察分署，基於檢察一體原則，由最高檢察署檢察總長依法指揮監督該署檢察官，及高等檢察署以下各級檢察署及其檢察分署檢察官，實施偵查、提起公訴、實行公訴、協助自訴、擔當自訴、指揮刑事裁判之執行並執行其他法令所定之職務。並由臺灣高等檢察署結合檢、警、調及相關部會人員，組成督導小組，定期召開聯繫會報，檢討相關法令及偵查作為，督導所屬全力偵辦毒品、經濟、侵害智慧財產權、人口販運、危害民生等案件。

The prosecutorial agencies in Taiwan are set up to coordinate with the various trial court levels, including: the Supreme Prosecutors' Office, Taiwan High Prosecutors' Office, Fuchien High Prosecutors' Office Kinmen Branch. Based on the principle of prosecutorial integration, the Prosecutor-General of the Supreme Prosecutors' Office shall command and supervise, pursuant to the law, the prosecutors in the Supreme Prosecutors' Office, and the prosecutors in all levels of prosecutors' offices subordinate to the High Prosecutors' Office and its branch offices, to implement investigations, initiate public prosecutions, implement prosecutions, assist in private prosecutions, preside over private prosecutions, and command the execution of criminal judgments, as well as implementing other duties as provided by law. Taiwan High Prosecutors Office combined prosecutors, police, MJIB and relevant Ministry Staff to form a steering group which will regularly call a meeting for coordinating, review related laws and investigations, and supervise the efforts of the affiliation departments to investigate drugs, economic crime, infringement of intellectual property rights, human trafficking, and endangering people's lives and other cases.



最高檢察署



臺灣高等檢察署



Supreme Prosecutors' Office



Taiwan High Prosecutors' Office

調查局

The Headquarters of the Ministry of Justice's Investigation Bureau



下設 28 個外勤調查單位，職掌維護國家安全與偵辦重大犯罪兩大任務，包括反制敵諜滲透、防制境外滲透、反制恐怖活動、保護國家機密、國內安全調查、機關安全維護、兩岸關係研究及防制貪瀆、賄選、經濟犯罪、毒品犯罪、洗錢犯罪、電腦犯罪等工作，另受理院、檢囑託，從事有關犯罪證物之物理、化學、生物、文書、資安等鑑識工作，即時提供犯罪偵查之技術支援，以確保國家安全、維護國家利益、維繫社會安定、保障民眾福祉。

MJIB set up 28 field divisions and field offices besides the Headquarters. MJIB has two major tasks: Maintaining national security and investigating major crimes. Its responsibilities include: counterespionage, counterterrorism, protecting national secrets, domestic security investigation, maintaining government infrastructure security, cross-strait relations research & analysis and preventing bribery, election fraud, economic crime, drug crime, money laundering, cybercrime. In addition, in order to ensure national security, national interests, social stability and to protect the civilians' well-being, MJIB takes the referrals from courts and prosecutors offices to conduct physical, chemical, biological, documentary, and cyber forensic examinations on evidences relating to criminal activities, providing immediate technical support on criminal investigations.



中文



English



廉政署

The Agency Against Corruption



廉能是政府施政的根本，廉政署結合檢察官、廉政官及政風人員，肩負預防性反貪與專責性肅貪雙重功能，在「反貪」面，使

全民正確認識貪腐之危害，擴大社會參與反貪教育；在「防貪」面，致力建構政府部門「透明課責」的公務環境，讓貪腐可能性降到最低，提升政府可信程度；在「肅貪」面，積極偵辦貪瀆案件，鎖定高層貪污、結構性貪污犯罪為重點方向，並鼓勵自首。廉政署更推展國際廉政合作交流，強化境外打擊犯罪能力，並協調各機關實踐《聯合國反貪腐公約》；藉由公、私部門各界的群策群力，多管齊下，全面預防及打擊貪腐。



中文



Clean and competence is the foundation of a government administration. The Agency Against Corruption, along with prosecutors, agents with judicial police power and ethics officers, shoulder the responsibilities of these dual functions: corruption prevention and investigation. From the "anti-corruption" aspect, the Agency encourages and expands social participation in the anti-corruption education to help facilitate the public's understanding of the harmful effects of corruption. From the "corruption prevention" aspect, the Agency is committed to building a public service environment in which government departments are "transparent and accountable" to minimize the possibility of corruption and enhance the trustworthiness of the government. In the "corruption investigation" aspect, the Agency actively investigates corruption cases, targeting high level corruption with structural corruption crime as its focus, and by encouraging one's own confession to misconducts. The Agency Against Corruption promotes international clean government cooperation activities and exchanges, in order to strengthen its ability to fight crimes abroad, in addition to coordinating with every agency in implementing the provisions as delineated in the United Nations Convention against Corruption. With the collective efforts of the public and private sectors, the Agency strives to implement a multi-faceted approach to prevent and combat corruption.



English

行政執行署

The Administrative Enforcement Agency



為職掌公法上金錢給付義務強制執行之專責機關，下設 13 個執行分署。執行是實現公義之最後一哩路，當人民對於依法應負擔之納稅義務、依法受裁罰之罰鍰或其他法定費用拒不履行時，即由該署所屬各分署依法定程序強制執行，實現公法債權。該署秉持「公義與關懷」之施政理念，對於社會矚目及滯欠大戶強力執行，對於經濟上弱勢義務人則採取彈性柔軟之執行措施，並堅守程序正義，以精緻的執行創造績效，貫徹公權力，落實公平正義。

An agency dedicated to enforcing obligatory payments under public law, and includes 13 administrative enforcement branches. Enforcement is the last step when realizing public justice. When people refuse to implement their obligations of paying taxes pursuant to the law, or the fines imposed as punishment pursuant to the law, or other statutory fees as imposed by various laws, the relevant subordinate branch of the Agency shall be tasked with conducting compulsory enforcement pursuant to the legal procedures, thus implementing creditor's rights as protected by public law. The Agency, following the "public justice and care" policy, takes strong enforcement actions against high-profile cases and debtors who owe substantial sums, and takes more flexible enforcement measures on obligors with weaker financial status. The Agency also adheres to procedural justice, creates positive performance with exquisite execution, and exercises governmental power with fairness, while implementing justice.



中文



English



矯正署

The Agency of Corrections



職掌負責受刑人、羈押被告、受戒治人、受觀察勒戒人、受強制工作人、未滿 18 歲之少年虞犯與少年犯的相關收容處遇與生活管理，提供多元教化處遇、安全與人性化的收容空間、實用的技能訓練與完善的醫療服務，協助收容人在監禁、沉澱及蛻變階段中改變自我，順利復歸社會。近年來矯正署戮力推動智慧型監獄，運用科技輔助人力，改善收容人生活空間，並引進科學實證毒品處遇、辦理自主監外作業及推動生命教育與家庭支持方案，讓矯正機關不再是消極監禁的處所，更是協助犯罪人改變自我的重要轉捩點。



中文



The Agency of Corrections is responsible for the accommodation, management and well-being of inmates, defendants-in-custody, people receiving rehabilitation treatment, people under observation and rehabilitation, people receiving compulsory work assignments, underage (18 years) potential juvenile delinquents and juvenile delinquents. The Agency provides multi-faceted correctional treatment, safe and humanized shelters, practical skills training and complete medical services to help detainees make a difference with their lives through the process of imprisonment, settlement, and transformation, and a smooth reintegration to society. In recent years, the Agency of Corrections is striving to promote the implementation of smart prisons, which utilizes technology to assist with manpower and improves detainees' living space. Additionally, the Agency introduces scientifically proven drug treatment programs, organizes work release programs, and promotes life education and family support programs. Thus, the correctional facilities are no longer a passive confinement space, but a critical juncture where the detainees are assisted in making positive changes for themselves.



English



司法官學院

The Academy for the Judiciary



職掌司法官考試錄取人員培訓業務之執行、本部所屬司法人員之訓練，以及國家犯罪問題與刑事政策之調查、分析及研究。該學院以培養具備民主、自由、法治、人權的憲政核心價值理念，並擁有專業智識、人文素養、宏觀視野、倫理觀、責任心及使命感的適格司法官為目標，規劃並執行為期 2 年之司法官養成教育，同時負責國家重要犯罪問題之研析，以作為精進刑事政策之參考。

The Academy for the Judiciary is responsible for implementing training programs for people passing the judicial officer examination, and of the training required for judicial personnel of the Ministry of Justice, as well as conducting the investigation, analysis and research of national crime issues and criminal policies. The Academy aims to cultivate qualified judicial officers, who possess the concept of the constitutional core values: democracy, freedom, rule of law, and human rights, and have the professional knowledge, humanistic culture, broadmindedness, ethics, a sense of responsibility and mission. The Academy develops and implements a two-year judicial officer education program, and is responsible for researching and analyzing major state-level crime issues for use as a reference for the betterment of criminal policies.



中文



English



法醫研究所

The Institute of Forensic Medicine



為我國唯一的法醫鑑識機關，辦理法醫病理、毒物化學、血清證物等法醫鑑驗及無名屍比對工作，並執行法醫研究及法醫人員培訓。

近年來陸續通過 DNA 實驗室、法醫毒物實驗室、法醫病理實驗室認證，且每年持續研究發展辦理增項認證，另建置 DNA 儲存室，以「專業、效率、精準」的鑑定品質，保障司法人權。

The Institute of Forensic Medicine (IFM) is the only forensic medical organization in Taiwan. IFM not only conducts the examinations of forensic pathology, toxicology, and biology, as well as the analyses of unidentified bodies, but also implements the forensic research and forensic personnel training. Recently, the laboratories of all three divisions have been passing accreditation and keep studying works for increasing the item of accreditation. Furthermore, the DNA Storeroom was established. In order to ensure the human rights of justice, IFM keeps high-quality services with the "Expertise, Efficiency, and Exactitude".



中文



English

